# Solder paste NP303-LHGQ-30KR - OFFLINE



## **Product description**

GENMA solder paste – our NP303-LHGQ-30 solder paste is halogen-free according to Apple standards. Excellent printability, long open time, and consistent adhesiveness during the pick-and-place process are characteristic for this solder paste. It good wetting properties, also on difficult surfaces, produce perfect soldering joints - also on BGAs. Hardly any voids in the solder connections. Cleaning after soldering is not necessary. The solder paste can be soldered under air or nitrogen reflow.

## **Technical properties**

	Specific value	Testing method
Alloy	Sn 96,5 / Ag 3,0 / Cu 0,5 / SAC305	
Melting temperature range	217 - 221	IEC61189-11
Powder size (µm)	22 - 38, type 4	IPC-TM-650-2.2.14.2
Viscosity (Pa · s)	190 ± 20	IPC-TM-650-2.4.34.3
Flux content (wt %)	11 ± 0,3	IPC-TM-650-2.3.34.1
Flux type	ROL0, no clean	IPC-J-STD-004B
Printing pitch (mm)	0,4	
Halide content (wt %)	< 0,01	IPC-TM-650-2.3.35
Slump in print (mm)	0,2	IPC-TM-650-2.4.35
Slump in heat (mm)	< 0,3	IPC-TM-650-2.4.35 (180°C / 60sec)
Insulation resistance (Ω)	≥ 1 x 10 <sup>11</sup> ( 40°C 90 % r. L )	IPC-TM-650-2.6.3.3
Insulation resistance ( $\Omega$ )	≥ 5 x 10 <sup>8</sup> ( 85°C 85 % r. L )	IPC-TM-650-2.6.3.3
Migration test	No migration	IPC-TM-650-2.6.14.1
Copper mirror test	No corrosion	IPC-TM-650-2.3.32
Packaging	Dose (0,5 kg) Semco Kartusche (0,65 kg, 1,2 kg)	
Shelf life	3 month at 0-10°C	
Transport	keep cool	
Tempering the solder paste	Set to room temperature before opening to avoid condensation.	
Recommended printing speed (mm/s)	20 - 80	
Recommended temperature during print ( °C )	25 ± 3	
Recommended relative humidity in % during print	50 ± 20	

# Compliance

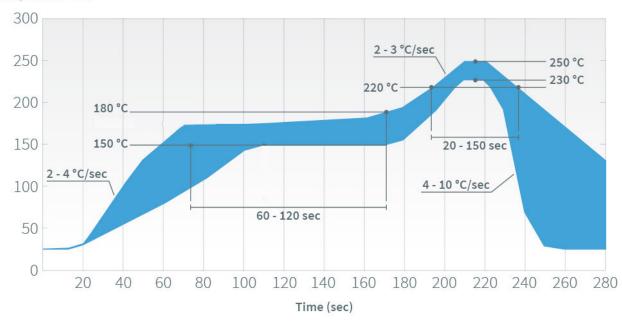
Conform with RoHS-Regulation 2011/65/EU

Contains no substances more than threshold (0,1%) according to REACH legislation EG Nr. 1907/2006 (SVHC-list - dated 26.02.2024)

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#### **Recommended Reflow Profile**





### **Preheating**

The temperature increase should be 2°C to 4°C/sec until the preheating zone is reached. If the temperature rises too quickly this may cause a running of the solder paste.

To achieve a temperature spread (\( \Delta t \)) on the circuit board that is as limited as possible, the temperature in the preheating zone should be between 150 and 180°C and the preheating time should be 60 to 120 seconds. If the temperature is too low or the preheating time too short, the temperature spread (⊿t) on the circuit board will be too high. If the temperature is too high and the preheating time too long the activators will get lost which may lead to poor melting of the solder paste.

# Reflow peak

We recommend keeping the temperature at 220°C for 20 to 150 seconds, if possible. If this is impossible, a temperature of up to 250°C can be maintained for a shorter period of time. It must be ensured, however, that the components are suited for the higher temperature.

## Cooling down

The cooling rate should be between 4 and 10°C/sec. If the cooling rate is too low components may be displaced or come up and reduce the strength of the solder connections. If the cooling rate is too high, however, components can be damaged through thermal shock.